PRICE FIVE CENTS.

INDIANAPOLIS, SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 2, 1896-SIXTEEN PAGES.

years and this is the first trouble that it

has ever had-not even a fire has ever been its misfortune, and I honestly believe

am sure that this business will continue

Emerson & Fisher Fail.

in the carriage business occurred to-day.

The Emerson & Fisher Company, manufac-

turers of buggies and carriages at John

and Findlay streets, assigned to Edward

Ritchie and Lowe Emerson. The liabilities

Cycle Company Attached.

of the Supreme Court, has granted an attachment for \$23,157 against the Liberty

Copper Works Seized.

tempered copper works, of Northeast, has

Iron Bed Maker Assigns.

THE ARMOURS REPLY

Oleomargarine Business.

has been fixed for Aug. 6.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 1 .- A heavy failure

the same as before."

Fair; slightly warmer.

TO THE BOYS:

# Topsy,

The When pony, will be given away as soon after the 1st of September as the votes can be counted. The balloting will end Saturday night, Aug. 29. As the votes are all sealed, and are being placed in a box that is securely nailed up, no one knows who is ahead. The competition is very spirited. To see Topsy is to want her, and it seems that every boy in Indianapolis has entered the race. Many of the boys are soliciting votes by distributing their cards and are working like experienced politicians. August will be the last month of the contest; the 29th will be the last day. Just 27 days of the contest left and the pony is yours, if you are the lucky boy who has the most votes.

# The W

An Opportunity Of a Lifetime!

It will be years before you can again buy a

Via C., H. & D.

WEDNESDAY, August 5

Via Detroit and Mic igan Central R. R.

AN ALL-RAIL ROUTE

Leave 10:45 a.m. Arrive Niagara Falls Thursday a.m.

\$10 Ten Dollars Round Trip \$10

Toronto One Dollar More.

Detailed information at Union Station and 2 West Wash. st. GEO W. HAYLER, D. P. A.

MONON ROUTE

Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Railway.

SHORTEST LINE TO

Pullman Vestibule Train Service.

Trains daily at 7.00 a. m., 3.45 p. m. and 12.40 night.

Arrive Indianapolis 8.00 a.m., 4.35 p. m. and 3.25 a. m. Chicago Sleeper at west end Union Station, ready

Detailed information at Union Station and 2 West Washington street. GEO. W. HAYLER, D. P. A.

Arrive Chicago 12.30 p. m., 9.20 p. m. and 7.35 a. m. Leave Chicago daily 2.45 a. m., 10.48 a. m. and 8.30

At the price we now are asking.

INDIANAPOLIS STOYE CO., 71 and 73 South Meridian Street

## BIG FOUR ROUTE NIAGARA FALLS

Knopf Bicycle Parade

CINCINNATI

August 8, 1896

\$2.50 for the Round Trip to the PUBLIC.

\$1.50 for the Round Trip to Bicyclists presenting certificates of Grand Marshal C. A. Croninger that they will take part in the parade.

Tickets will be sold for morning trains of Aug. 8, good to return until August 9, inclusive.

Call at Big Four offices. H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

always find

COLUMBUS BUGGY COMPANY FORCED

Assets Nearly a Million Dollars, Distributed Among a Dozen Different City Branches.

NEWS TO LOCAL AGENT HERE

MR. SNIDER EXPLAINS IMMEDIATE CAUSE OF THE COLLAPSE.

The Company One of the Oldest the Country-Other Important Plants Forced to the Wall.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 1.-The business world of this city was shocked to-day by the announcement that the Columbus Buggy Company, one of the oldest concerns of the city, had made an assignment at 3 o'clock this afternoon. In the statement sent out the cause of the assignment is given as due to the general business depression, slow sales and collections, a curtailment of the company's line of credit, numerous failures among their customers and the inability of customers to meet their paper at maturity. The assignees are William A. Miles and John M. Thomas, tirely familiar with the property and the ousiness workings of the company.

The Columbus Buggy Company is one of the oldest concerns in the city and was organized as a partnership in 1876. George M. Peters and Clinton D. Firestone are the two surviving members of the original firm. It employs 1,000 men when running full force and about 600 were at work at the time the failure occurred. The firm ing cities in the country and was recognized as among the foremost buggy companies of the country. No statement of assets and liabilities has been made, but they will each approach nearly \$1,000,000.

W. A. Miles and John M. Thomas, the assignees for the Columbus Buggy Company, are both interested in the company, Miles is the head bookkeeper. Thomas is its general purchasing agent. The Columbus Buggy Company was established about twenty-eight years ago, and is the oldest as well as the largest buggy manufacturing establishment in the United States.

Attachment in Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 1.-The branch in this city of the Columbus Buggy Company was closed to-day on a telegram from the placed in the hands of Caroline Peters as mortgagee. No statement is obtainable at

stallments of \$5,000 each since April 1, and t would have been due, the first note Sept. the mortgage was not in good faith. The attachment suit may be withdrawn and failure was a great surprise. Mr. Whitney,

well. The first notice I received was when do not know the assets or liabilities.'

CAUSE OF THE FAILURE.

State Agent Snider Explains the

Company's Embarrassment. for the Columbus Buggy Company, was seen by a Journal reporter about 11 o'clock last night and was greatly surprised when he heard that the company had made an assignment. He said that he had received no word from headquarters to that effect nor any instructions as to any future changes in the present arrangements for conducting business at this point. Mr. Snider says that he not only has charge of the Indianapolis branch of the buggy company, but is its general agent for Indiana and Illinois. He does not believe this assignment will hurt the company at all, as it is the

oldest buggy company in the United States. "This makes four failures of the largest buggy companies in the United States within two weeks," he said, "the other three being the Collins Manufacturing Company, of Jackson, Mich.; the Stavern-Abbott Manufacturing Company, of 'Chicago, and the Emerson-Fisher Manufacturing

Company, of Cincinnati,' Mr. Snider said that all of these companies purchased the Peters dash from the Columbus Buggy Company, and that their business was done mostly on paper-that is, the exchanges were exchanges of credit mostly, instead of a cash business. The Columbus Buggy Company had invested Company, of Chicago, about two years ago to tide it over the difficulty that arose at that time owing to inability to collect money on outstanding debts.

"The Kansas City branch, which you tell me has been ordered to cease business, said Mr. Snider, "is the largest branch the company has. From that point it ships all of the buggies to the West, and, in fact, all of the Western business is done through the branch house at Kansas City. The company has other branch houses at Chicago, Detroit, New York and Cincinnati. and these, with the branch in this city and the one at Kansas City, are the principal branch houses of the company. The Columbus Buggy Company lost heavily in the Collins company and in the

Emerson company, as these companies, as well as the Stavern company, build only cheap buggies and buy the Peters dash from the Columbus company. The amount of goods purchased on credit by these companies amounts to a very large sum. As our company does such a large amount of business on paper with these other com-panies that have recently failed, it is not improbable that it was caught for a con-siderable amount. However, I do not beieve that anything can hurt the Columbus Buggy Company, for it is on a substantial basis, having about \$2,000,000 invested in the Peters Dash and Columbus Buggy Company plants in Columbus, O. It employs between 1.200 and 1,500 hands all the year around and is the only buggy company in the country that manufactures all its own supplies and sundries. The other companies that failed built cheap buggies, while this company builds only high-grade buggles that are always worth their price. The buggy companies made money up to

### ness has been virtually at a standstill. This has probably been the cause of the manufacturers of cheap buggies failing, but while the Columbus company has not sold buggles as it did before the panic, enough business has been done to insure expenses. I have been with the company for sixteen

THE SECRETARY MAKES AN ARGU-MENT AGAINST FREE SILVER. that it will pull through this present diffi-culty all right and with credit to itself. I

acy of 1873 and Scores His Point

TO INDIANAPOLIS DELEGATES NEW YORK, Aug. 1 .- Justice Andrews, ELECTED IN MANY STATES.

nnouncement from Chicago that Gold Democrats Will Hold the Convention in that City. NORTHEAST, Pa., Aug. 1 .- The Eureka

been seized on executions in favor of the Second National Bank, and M. H. Taylor. NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Aug. 1 .- Hon. of Erie, Pa., amounting to \$14,000. The sale J. Sterling Morton delivered a nonpartisan address on finance to-night in the presence of a large audience. He drew comparisons CHICAGO, Aug. 1 .- George Smith, manbetween the money of the country when ufacturer of spring and fron bedsteads, he came to Nebraska, in pioneer days, and made an assignment to-day to A. S. Tobias, an employe of the firm. Assets are given at \$55,000 and Habilities at \$18,000. now. He said then it was something substantial, such as cattle, horses, hogs, and not until the present was there an effort to create value from something which had no value as a commodity. After explaining Fighting to Prevent Investigation of the origin of money and dwelling on the object of substantial coin values, Mr. Mor-

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Aug. 1 .- An important motion in the \$1,000,000 action brought by the State against Armour & Co. and the before Justice Peter B. McLinnan in spe-

cial term here to-day. The motion was on an order to show cause why seven orders obtained by the State directing as many railroad officials to produce their books before a referee should not be vacated. General Benjamin F. Tracy and Frank H. Platt, of New York, and Attorney Custer, of Chicago, ap peared for Armour & Co. and the motion, and opposed were Senator Joseph Mullin and Daniel A. Griffin, of Watertown, and Attorney-general Theodore E. Hancock. The State claims that the books of the four big railroad corporations of the State show shipment of butterine and other facts which they are anxious to get at. General Fracy, who made the principal argument for the motion, took the position that the plaintiffs had no right to examine third parties. Justice McLennan alliowed until Sept. I in which to file briefs. The motion is of the utmost importance, as upon the decision the action will stand or fall.

WHIPPING POST FOR INDIANS Several in the Territory Sentenced to Receive 100 Lashes.

SOUTH M'ALISTER, I. T., Aug. 1 .- The Indian court sitting at Wetumpka has sentenced two men to death for cattle stealing and others to undergo the whipping post for having committed similar offenses. Isaac McGirt, who stole a cow more than a year ago, will be given 100 lashes on the bare back and Lumka Harjo, a housebreaker, will receive 100 lashes for his third offense for stealing. Jesse Tholocco was sentenced to death by shooting; one Wilson was convicted of helping Tholocco and was charged for the third time with hog and cattle stealing, was also given a death sentence. There are about a dozen of given the death penalty. All were Indians. Deputy United States Marshal James H. Thompson has left for Paris, Tex., with fteen prisoners, all Frenchmen from Lehigh, charged with the murder of Bud James, a Choctaw Indian at Phillips, I. T. Saturday they had a preliminary hearing before Commissioner Grubbs, who committed them without bail.

EDWARD BARNEY'S SUICIDE

President of Virginia Navigation Company, and Wealthy.

RICHMOND, Va., Aug. 1.-Edward on James river, this morning, and has since died from the effect of the wound. No in Dayton, O., was forty-five years old, and a son of Barney, of the Dayton car works. He inherited a large fortune, and, coming to Virginia, bought Hog island and other property on the James river. He leaves a widow and several children.

STEVE BRODIE'S RIVAL.

Albert H. Snider, the Indianapolis agent | Owen Bridges Makes a Successful Leap from Hannibal Bridge.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 1.-Owen Bridges made a jump from the top of the Hannibal bridge over the Missouri river this afternoon on a wager. The distance was about seventy feet. Bridges bobbed up on the surface of the river promptly, swimming hand over hand. Beyond forgetting where his waistcoat was after it was on he was "I made the jump on a wager of \$100 be-

tween C. J. Bevan, of Cincinnati, and Graves, of Graves & Linson, the balloonsaid Bridges. "He is now open to the world for an engagement," said J. F. | metal could arrest its further decline if Paget, who bore the jumper's clothes, increased production continued. "and I am his manager."

VANDERBILT-WILSON.

The New York Couple to Be Wedded Next Tuesday.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1 .- The World tomorrow will say: The wedding of Cornelius Vanderbilt, ir., and Miss Grace Wilson has been fixed for Tuesday, at the Wilson home, on Fifth avenue. Frank Cook, of Boston, a classmate of Mr. Vanderbilt at S75,000 in the Stavern-Abbott Manufacturing | Yale, will act as best man. Miss Wilson will be unattended.

> PLATT AND HANNA Meet at a Conference with Hobart at

New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.-Thomas C. Platt and Edward Lauterbach were among the callers at the Republican headquarters today. Mr. Hobart was present and with these callers he and Mr. Hanna had a conference. At its conclusion Mr. Hanna announced that the interview had been most satisfactory. He said the Republican campaign would be managed by the State and county organization under the direction of the national committee. Mr. Brice is manager of the national committee. The Democratic silver headquarters in the Hotel Bartholdi were principally in the hands of renovators to-day, work being rushed so that they may be ready for use

McClure for Free Silver. WOOSTER, O., Aug. 1 .- Hon. A. S. Mc-Clure, Republican nominee for Congress, Seventeenth district, says in a letter to his constituents that he is in favor of the free coinage of silver, and does not propose to obtain a single vote by evasion or du-

plicity on the money question. Congressman Loud Renominated. SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 1 .- The Republicans of the Fifth congressional district to-day renominated Eugene T. Loud, for July, 1893, when the money panic struck | Congress by acclamation. Claus Spreckels | the country, and since then the buggy busi- was nominated for presidential elector.

Denies the Much-Talked-of Conspirwith an Apt Illustration.

DEMOCRATS RALLYING are placed at \$390,000, and the asssets at \$450,000. The failure is attributed to the weakness of firms in other cities with which they had large dealings.

Cycle Company, of No. 4 Warren street, in favor of Frederick J. Stimpson, trustee of the estate of Matthew R. Myers, on two

"The sole origin, source and cause of value is human desire. When there is a demand for things they have value. When the supply remains stationary and the demand increases the value increases; when to-day behind closed doors and was prethe demand ceases altogether the value is

"This shows clearly that the currency of a people should be readily exchangeable for those things which that people desire and demand. The currency itself must be desirable, and must be demanded by those who have things to sell. The farmer who sells cattle, swine and cereals for money finds that his customer demands the best possible quality of each of these things. The buyer of the farmer's products is a seller of money. The seller of these same products is a buyer of money. The purchaser demands the highest known quality in the things that he buys of the farmer, and enlightened self-interest must compel

the farmer to demand the highest and most unfluctuating and general purchasing power in the money which he buys. Never before in the history of civilization has any number of people protested against being paid more than a certain sum for commodities which they have to sell. But to-day there are many farmers and laborers who declare themselves in favor of system of coinage which shall pay them only sixteen ounces of silver in lieu of one ounce of gold. Vehemently these people are declaring everywhere that they will be absolutely ruined if they be paid in more than sixteen ounces of silver instead of one ounce of gold. The commercial ratio of these two metals to-day is about thirtytwo to one; that is, thirty-two ounces of

HARD TO EXPLAIN. mint value for silver which is twice its bullion value is inexplicable upon the part these cases on the docket and it is prob- The advocates of this system of coining able that of these cases one-half will be officer at double the silver at double its commercial value and gold at an equality with its commercial value declare themselves to be bimetallists and assert that they are in favor of in their statements show, that they themselves have only one unit of value and that it the gold unit.

silver will buy one ounce of gold bullion.

"Whoever says: 'I am in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at 16 to 1,' declares himself a gold monometallist. The sixteen of silver he proposes to measure by one ounce of gold. But we are told that there was a great crime comof silver. There was no secret demonetization of silver. The bill which left the silver dellar out of the coinage, provided for in the act of 1873, was before the American people for more than two years. The debate upon its passage in the House and in cause is assigned. The deceased was born the Senate occupied several columns of the congressional proceedings. Up to the time of this alleged demonetization of silver the government had, during its entire existence, coined less than nine million of silver dollars. Under the Bland-Allison act of 1878 the government authorized the coinage of the standard silver dollar and to restore its legal-tender character.' "This act was to resuscitate the declining value of silver. It was to place it side by side with gold as part of the redemption money of the United States. Let it be re-membered that silver had been demonetized by the act of 1853 and that the legislation of 1878 was based on the fallacy that silver dollars of gold value could be substituted for depreciated paper. The silver dollars coined before this enactment, amounting to between eight and nine millions of dollars, had long before disappeared from circulation. The decline in

the value of silver was consequent upon its increased production, which began to exceed the demand for its use. European nations omitted it from their coinage laws. They dropped it because they had already as much silver money as their people demanded. They dropped it because they knew that no amount of coining of this CONSPIRACY OF GENIUS.

"But it is impossible to cover the whole ground in a single desultory speech. Let us go back to the alleged crime of 1873. Was there a conspiracy? If so, who were the conspirators? They were the genius of trade, the enterprise of the American people, and the intelligence of an advanced civilization. The flatboat in which crossed the Missouri river in the autumn of 1854 was by a conspiracy between capital and human ingenuity deferryized, and the steamboat took its place. This change took place because immigration and the development of the territory became too big for flatboats. Later on a conspiracy again transpired wherein capital and civllization have combined to deferryize the steamboat, and the result is the magnificent steel bridge upon which our trains cross

"This Republic is not a Judas Iscariot among civilized nations. It refuses to be- due to heart disease. The Josephine will tray honest dealing. It scorns even thirty minion times 'thirty pieces of sliver,' and is compelled by its judgment and its conscience to reject the importunities of those who would deliver the safety and perpetuity of the country into the hands of socialism, zealotry, fanatacism and dishonesty. It ignores and scorns all those who would applaud and jeer at the crucifixion of the credit of our government, which has been, and God grant that it may continue to be, the savior of civil and religious liberty, the friend and asylum of the poor and oppressed of all nations.

NOT READY TO DENY.

Bryan Alludes to Senator Thurston's

Charge Against Him. LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 1 .- When asked o-day for a statement concerning the reiterated charge of Senator Thurston in recent speeches to the effect that he was in the pay of the mine owners, Mr. Bryan today declined to authorize a denial, saying that the denial will be made at the proper time, and that denials of the statement have heretofore been made. Referring to his proposed trip East, Mr. Bryan said to-day that he may conclude to go from here to Chicago over some other than the Burlington route, as a Plattsburg, and there are only slight hopes strong pressure is being brought to bear to of the child recovery.

### ine. The dispatches have announced that the free-silver people of Des Moines, Ia., have expected him to come that way on partial assurances he had given them, and have made preparations to recognize his visit. That is undoubtedly why he is con-

Island. He said he could not state positively till the expiration of a day or two which route he may take. This contemplated change will not affect the dates or route east of Chicago. It was given out at the Bryan residence this evening that Mr. Bland, of Missouri, will arrive in Lincoln on Friday and will accompany Mr. and Mrs. Bryan on their trip to New York.

New York Gold Committee. NEW YORK, Aug. 1 .- Francis M. Scott, as vice president of the executive committee of the New York State Democracy and chairman of the meeting of that committee on July 15, which passed a resolution for the appointment of a committee to cooperate in the nomination of a third ticket, has appointed John DeWitt Warner, Rob-ert G. Monroe, Thomas F. Keating, Wm. L. Turner, John Fennel, George Walton Green and Edward McCue as such commit-

Bryan Will Tour the States. his nomination at Chicago Candidate Bryan told Secretary Thomas Maloney, of the Washington State committee, that he intended making a campaign tour that would include every State in the United States. It was his desire, he said, after visiting New York and New England, to come through the Southern States to the coast, speaking at Los Angeles, San Francisco, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma and Spokane.

Send Word to St. John.

HOPE, Ark., Aug. 1 .- Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee, has issued a call for a meeting of the full committee at the Fifth-avenue Hotel, New York, Aug. 11. He requests members to be present in person or by proxy. He also requests all members who expect to be present to notify W. P. St. John, treasurer of the committee at New

OHIO JOINS THE BOLTERS. Buckeye Democrats Decide to Send

Delegates to Indianapolis. COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 1 .- A meeting of sided over by ex-State Senator Joseph J. McMacken. The following resolutions were

Whereas, the convention held at Chicago July 7, 1896, adopted a platform which is undemocratic and populistic and nominated thereon candidates pledged to the adoption and enforcement of a financial policy which will be hurtful to agriculture, ruinous to the industries of the country, bring distress and suffering to labor and discredit to financial standing of the government by debasing its currency. "Resolved. That it is the sense of meeting that a State convention be called by the provisional national committeeman here selected, to be held at Columbus at a time to be by him designated, at which shall be selected four delegates-at-large and four alternates-at-large to the national Democratic convention to be held at such time and place as shall be named by the national Democratic committee at its meeting in Indianapolis Aug. 7, 1896."
G. H. Wald, of Cincinnati, S. H. Holding, of Cleveland, W. W. Medary, James Caren and Edward Denmead, of Columbus, were appointed an advisory committee to confer and act with the provisional national committeeman in adopting and carrying out the best method of selecting delegates to the State and national conventions and electors, and to provide for a State committee and the election of mem-bers thereof. It was decided that no candidates for State officers should be nominated at the State convention. Ex-Congressman Joseph H. Outhwaite was chosen provisional committeeman from Ohio.

WILL MEET IN CHICAGO.

Place for Holding the Coming Gold Democratic Convention. CHICAGO, Aug. 1. - Chicago is to witness another national Democratic convention within a month. gold-standard Democratic leaders have decided definitely vention, to be held about Sept. 1, in this city. The announcement was authentically made to-day that such a course is a certainty, unless something wholly unforeseen ticularly regarding matters settled beyond a peradventure as far as the location and date of the convention are concerned, and

being in line to busy themselves now, chiefly with discussion as to the question "My personal judgment as to the best location for the convention," said Mr. By num yesterday, "is that Chicago leads. The convention would come here without a struggle but for the objection raised in our conference that the Bryan-Sewall ticket was nominated here, and the calling of a second Democratic convention here might create confusion as to the two tickets. Indianapolis is the logical location. She is centrally located and has a hall (Tomilnson) large enough to accommodate 5,000 people, and that is enough to attend any convention. The recent Democratic convention was too large to be easily handled, and such large gatherings are not even a comfort to the audience, for it is impossible to hear the proceedings."

Delegates to Indianapolis. PORTLAND, Ore., Aug. 1.-At a meeting of gold-standard Democrats in this city C. E. S. Wood, of Portland, was chosen as a delegate to the Indianapolis meeting.

Ohio Democrats Debating. COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 1.-About fifteer Democrats from various parts of Ohio are in executive session at the Neil House as to the course to pursue on a national

HIGH KITE-FLYING.

Intellectual Boston Engages in Old-Time Boyish Sport.

BOSTON, Aug. 1 .- All records of kiteflying were broken at the Blue Hill Observatory to-day. A kite was sent 7,333 feet into the air. This is 1,000 feet higher than the top of Mount Washington, and 800 feet higher than a kite had ever been sent before. Fifty members of the Appalachian Club witnessed the exhibition.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. P. A. B. Widener Dies on the Steam Yacht Josephine.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Aug. 1 .- Mrs. Josephine Widener, wife of P. A. B. Widener, who, with a party, arrived here yesterday on the big steamer yacht Josephine from Philadelphia, was found dead in her stateroom this morning. Mrs. Widener, who was sixty years old, complained of sickness on the trip, and yesterday was attended twice by a physician, but she was in a comfortable condition when she retired last night. Dr. J. Madison Taylor, who was summoned, announced death, which had come five hours before the body was found sail this afternoon for New York, whence the body will be taken by rail to Philadelphia. The Josephine left Philadelphia ten days ago for a criuse along the Maine coast. In the party on board were Mr. and Mrs. Widener and Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Wideher, Mrs. J. W. Elkins and Mr. Harry

Nicholas Ball. BLOCK ISLAND, R. I., Aug. 1 .- Nicholas Ball, proprietor of the Ocean View Hotel, is dead, at the age of sixty-eight. He

was one of those who went to California in 1848. He had acquired considerable wealth, had traveled extensively and was the author of several books. W. H. Belden, D. D.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 1.-W. H. Belden. D. D., secretary of the International Missionary Union, has died of paralysis at

Clifton Springs. Fatal Crossing Accident. PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Aug. 1 .- A carriage containing Mr. and Mrs. Willard Mastick, and their six-year-old grand-daughter, Mabel Lavigne, was struck by a train at Smith's crossing to-night. Mr. Mastick was instantly killed, Mrs. Mastick died soon after being brought back to

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

sidering the route of his proposed trip and TWO COMPANIES OF THE STATE GUARDS SENT TO THE SCENE.

> Union Man Shot Down by a Nonunionist Before the Police Dispersed the Angry Mob.

## GREAT SYMPATHETIC STRIKE

EXPECTED THIS WEEK, INCLUDING ALL CLEVELAND UNIONS.

TACOMA, Wash., Aug. 1 .- Shortly after | Situation at Brown Hoisting Works More Alarming than During the Early Trouble.

> CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 1 .- The renewal of the strike at the Brown hoisting works resulted in bloodshed to-day. The trouble began early in the morning, when a mob surrounded the house of one of the nonunion workmen and bombarded it with stones and bricks, breaking the windows and even smashing the weatherboarding. The police, hearing of the trouble, prepared for an outbreak at noon, when the nonunion men should be dismissed from work. A party of these workmen, disregarding the efforts of the police to protect them, started to walk away from the works. They had not gone far when they were met by a mob. First the rioters began to shout at the nonunionists, and then to hurl bricks.

> Then the workmen drew revolvers and began shooting at the crowd. John Prinz, a foundryman, fell to the pavement, shot through the body, and was taken to a hospital. Soon after the shooting the police arrived on the scene, but the mob had dispersed and all was quiet. This outbreak resulted in the calling out of two companies of militia, and by the middle of the afternoon eighty policemen, in to the military, had been massed in the vicinity of the Brown works. No more

It is thought that a long and bitter Brown works says the agreement for the settlement of the strike was well understood by the representatives of the strikers, and the company stood ready to live up to its terms. The violation of the agreement by the men, he says, absolves the company from any other consideration of them, and enables it to begin all over on a new basis. This is taken to mean that the company will proceed to hire new men. It is very probable that the Central Labor Union will order a big sympathetic strike throughout the city at its next meeting. To-day the executive committee of the striking Brown Hoisting men and labor leaders of several unions met in conintervenes. The arrangements looking to the consummation of the plan are already well under way, the New York leaders par- | strike was necessary. The committee appointed by the Central Labor Union to report on the advisability of a sympathetic strike just before the supposed settlement of the Brown strike reported favorably. The number of unions affiliated with the Central Labor Union is over sixty total membership numbers 20,000 branches of trade. These men have voluntarily bound themselves to obey the mandates of the Central Labor Union, which consists of chosen representatives from the different unions. The fight will not only be local, but national. Every union in the United States will be called to assess its members for the support of the Brown

Hoist strikers.

NONUNION MAN CUT UP. Five Strikers in Detroit Take Revenge on Bas Taylor.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 1 .- It is probable that one death will result from the strike of polishers and mounters at the Detroit stove works. Bas Taylor, a nonunion stove worker, was assaulted by strikers while going home last Wednesday noon. Taylor inflicted a knife wound on Frank Crossly, and was arrested and bailed out. After drawing his pay Taylor was en route home with his wife on a street-car, when he was attacked by five of the strikers, who used slungshots and knives as weapons. As the car reached the corner of Bacon and Nineteenth streets Taylor made a determined fight against his assailants, but it was an unequal struggle. The back of his neck was ripped open, his skull was fractured by being knocked and dragged over the car seats, and he was terribly battered up otherwise. His condition is very serious. His wife could make but feeble resistance. Only one of the attack-ing party was arrested. The car was so splashed with blood that it had to be taken off the street.

Climax in Tailors' Strike. NEW YORK, Aug. 1 .- It is believed that to-morrow's events may have much to do with hastening the climax in the tailors' strike. The contractors will throw open their shops in the morning to nonunion garment workers and the strikers, whose pickets will be at every shop, will try to keep the men away. To guard against a possible conflict the police force in the districts most affected will be strength. ened. The contractors say they will have all the men they need and will continue the contest with the strikers. The latter say they will stand firm. Emissaries from the contractors who went among the strikers to-day endeavoring to win over some o them, were set upon and forced to seek safety in the protection of the police.

Strike at Excelsior Mills. WALES, Mass., Aug. 1.-Upwards of one hundred employes at the Baker excelsior mill in this town went out on a strike today, owing to a reduction of 10 per cent being made by the company.

ATE UP THE TWINS

An Arkansas Hog Makes a Meal of the Smith Babies.

FAYETTEVILLE, Ark., Aug. 1 .- In Benton county, Mrs. Mary Smith, wife of a farmer, became ularmed at the absence of her ten-year-old daughter and started out to search for her, leaving her other children, infant twins and a boy aged four. playing in the yard. During her absence a victous hog attacked them and killed them. The little boy tried to run the swine away and was himself fatally bittee.

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